Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum

What is agenesis of the corpus callosum?

The corpus callosum is a collection of many millions of nerve fibers in the middle of the brain. One of its functions is to connect the right and left side of the brain to allow for communication between the two sides, or hemispheres. The corpus callosum coordinates signals from different parts of the brain and helps us in our thinking.

Agenesis of the corpus callosum is a birth defect in which this structure in the brain is either partially or completely missing. It may occur as an isolated brain problem, in combination with other brain abnormalities, such as ventriculomegaly, or in combination with problems with other organs, such as a congenital heart defect.

Agenesis of the corpus callosum is caused by disruption to development of the fetal brain. This disruption may be related to chromosome errors, genetic factors, prenatal infections, or...
other factors related to the prenatal environment. In most cases, it is not possible to know what specifically caused the disruption.

**What is the outcome with agenesis of the corpus callosum?**

Watch Video [4]

Some children with agenesis of the corpus callosum have only mild learning difficulties. Intelligence in the child may be normal. Other children may have severe handicaps such as cerebral palsy, mental retardation, autism or seizure disorders. How one child falls on this spectrum depends somewhat on whether other brain development problems are detected on MRI and whether there is a problem with the child's chromosomes.

Throughout childhood the nerve fibers of the corpus callosum continue to grow and become more efficient even through the teenage years. At that this phase in their development, children with a normally formed corpus callosum make progress in their abstract reasoning, problem solving, and their social skills mature. A child with agenesis of the corpus callosum may have kept up with his or her peers until this age; however, they may begin to fall behind in schoolwork and social functioning. Therefore, the symptoms of agenesis of the corpus callosum can become more evident as a child grows into adolescence and young adulthood.

**How serious is my fetus's agenesis of the corpus callosum?**

Watch Video [5]

If your doctor sees a problem with the corpus callosum, they may refer you for several tests, if they have not already been done. These include a more detailed ultrasound (often times called ?Level II ultrasound? or ?Fetal Survey?), amniocentesis (to look at the genetic makeup of your fetus, and to look for any signs of infection), and **fetal magnetic resonance imaging (Fetal MRI)** [6].

Fetal MRI [6] is another way to safely look at your fetus's brain. It provides pictures of your fetus's brain using different technology than ultrasound. Because it uses a different technology, fetal MRI can detect other problems in your fetus's brain that cannot be detected on ultrasound. We can then look at the results from all of the tests together and your physician can speak with you about the significance of these test results.

For more information on Fetal MRI please visit [UCSF Baby Brain - Fetal MRI][7]

**What are my choices during this pregnancy?**

There is no treatment before birth for fetuses with agenesis of the corpus callosum. Treatment after birth involves managing the child's symptoms. It is important during your pregnancy to get a detailed diagnosis (via detailed ultrasound, amniocentesis, and MRI) in order to determine if there are any additional problems. Our staff can talk to you about these test results and inform you of what challenges you may expect. If there is evidence of more severe
handicaps which require long-term care, we can help direct you to the appropriate specialists.

Support Groups & Other Resources

- **National Organization for Disorders of the Corpus Callosum** [8] is an organization to provide information and a communication link for individuals with brain anomalies involving the corpus callosum, their families and the professionals who work with them.
- **March of Dimes** [9] Researchers, volunteers, educators, outreach workers and advocates working together to give all babies a fighting chance.
- **Birth Defect Research for Children** [10] is a parent networking service that connects families who have children with the same birth defects.
- **NIH - Office of Rare Diseases** [13] National Institute of Health - Office of Rare Diseases.
- **North American Fetal Therapy Network** [14] NAFTNet (the North American Fetal Therapy Network) is a voluntary association of medical centers in the United States and Canada with established expertise in fetal surgery and other forms of multidisciplinary care for complex disorders of the fetus.

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